

**THE WORKS OF ARRIAN FLAVIUS AND CUINTUS CURTIUS RUFUS ARE
IMPORTANT SOURCES FOR THE HISTORY OF CENTRAL ASIA**

Muyiddinov Bekali Bahodir o'g'li

The teacher of History and Philology department,

Asia International University

E-address: bekalimuhiddinov96@gmail.com

Annotation: This article provides information about the life of the peoples of Central Asia, their political, social, economic life, the invaders who came to the land, which is given in the works of Arrian Flavius and Quintus Curtius Rufus.

Keywords: Arrian, Alexander anabasisi, Oxyart, Farasman, Quintus Curtius Rufus, Alexander of Macedon history, Bactria, Menedem, socio-economic life, walks.

Аннотация: В этой статье представлена информация о жизни народов Средней Азии, их политической, социальной, экономической жизни, о пришедших на Землю завоевателях, изложенная в трудах Арриана Флавия и Квинта Курция Руфа.

Ключевые слова: Арриан, Александр Анабасис, Оксарт, Фарасман, Квинт Курций Руф, история Александра Македонского, Бактрия, Менедем, социально-экономическая жизнь, походы.

Annotatsiya: Ushbu maqolada Arrian Flaviy va Kvint Kurtsiy Ruf asarlarida berib o'tilgan O'rta Osiyo xalqlari hayoti, ularning siyosiy, ijtimoiy, iqtisodiy hayoti, yurtga kelgan bosqinchilar haqida ma'lumotlar berib o'tilgan.

Tayanch so'zlar: Arrian, Aleksandr anabasisi, Oksiart, Farasman, Kvint Kurtsiy Ruf, Makedoniyalik Aleksandr tarixi, Baqtriya, Menedem, ijtimoiy-iqtisodiy hayot, yurishlar.

Arrian (B. CA. 95-175) was a Greek writer, historian and geographer. The scientist is originally from Nicomadia, Asia Minor. Author of works entitled "On Alexander", "On the Parthians", "India" and 7 volumes "the Anabasis of Alexander". Anabasis is translated as "military march to the interior of the state away from the sea" or "Alexander marches". Arrian (B. CA. 95-175) was a Greek writer, historian and geographer. The scientist is originally from Nicomadia, Asia Minor. Arrian (B. CA. 95-CA. 95-175) was a Greek writer, historian and geographer. The scientist is originally from Nicomadia, Asia Minor. Author of works entitled "On Alexander", "On the Parthians", "India" and 7 volumes "the Anabasis of Alexander". Anabasis is translated as "military march to the interior of the state away from the sea" or "Alexander marches". Below is a translation of some information from the works of Arrian and Kurtsiy Ruf (they were translated into Russian by M.E. Sergeyenko and V.S. Sokolov). Arrian, Book III, Chapter 27, states that "upon hearing of Alexander's imminent arrival, Bess crosses the Ox River and sets off for Nautaka – sughdi land, burning his ships". 10. "Along with Spitaman and Oxyart, the cavalry of the sugardians and the day of Tanais follow him. Arrian, Book III, Chapter 27, states that "upon hearing of Alexander's imminent arrival, Bess crosses the Ox River and sets off for Nautaka – sughdi land, burning his ships". 10. "Along with Spitaman and Oxyart, the cavalry of the sugardians and the day of Tanais follow him. The Bactrian horsemen, having learned of Bessus' escape, head for their homes, looking in all directions. Alexander arrives at Drapsac, resting his

troops and marching them towards the largest cities in Bactria, Aorn and Bactra. This attacks and conquers the cities, leaving a Guard Army under Archelaus, son of Androcolus, at AORN Castle. Other Bactrians who surrender without protection are appointed as governors of the Persian Artabaz". "It itself heads towards the river Ochslexander arrives at Drapsac, resting his troops and marching them towards the largest cities in Bactria, Aorn and Bactra. This attacks and conquers the cities, leaving a Guard Army under Archelaus, son of Androcolus, at AORN Castle. Other Bactrians who surrender without protection are appointed as governors of the Persian Artabaz". "It itself heads towards the river Ochs. The axis flows from the Caucasus Mountains; in addition to the Indian rivers, among the rivers that Alexander built in Asia, it is the largest: in general, the largest rivers are located in India. "The Oxus flows into a large sea in Gyrkany.

"Spitaman attacks the Macedonians guarding the Moroccan fortress with his Warriors. Informed that Alexander had sent an Auxiliary Army to Morocco, Spitaman broke off the siege of the fortress and rode to Basilea – tsaro in Sugdonia. Farnoux and his army attempt to completely displace Spitaman from the state, and arrive at the borders of Sughdiyona and attack the nomadic Scythian AR". "Spitaman would enlist another 600 Scythian cavalry in his army, and Scythian, disillusioned with his alliance, decided to fight against the attacking ma kedons. Standing on the plain of the Scythian steppes, he did not even wait for an enemy attack, nor did he attack the enemy; only his riders ran on foot with horses at the periphery of the Macedonians and fired at them". "Of farnuh's soldiers, they were easily spared, because their horses were more agile and not yet tired at the time, while the horses in Andromach's troops were exhausted on the remote roads and weak in their lack of food. Skifl AR enthusiastically attacks the Macedonians who are standing and retreating on the battlefield". "More and more Macedonians are wounded and killed; noble warriors retreat towards a square series of safl anib and the Politimet (Zarafshan) river; here there is a forest, and the jungle jungles become a barrier to the arrows of the varvars and more beneficial to the actions of the infantry soldiers". More and more Macedonians are wounded and killed; noble warriors retreat towards a square series of safl anib and the Politimet (Zarafshan) river; here there is a forest, and the jungle jungles become a barrier to the arrows of the varvars and more ba".

Cuintus Curtius Roupus (B.1500 BC) was a Roman Catholic priest. in the 1st century BC. The end of the 1st century BC. Mid-1st century BC) was a famous Roman historian. Alexander of Macedon created a 10-book history of Alexander of Macedon about his military campaigns to Iran, Central Asia and other countries. Curtius Rufus made extensive use of the memoirs and books of Ptolemy Lagus and Alexander's fellow scribes Onesicritus and Callisphenes in writing his work. uintus Curtius Roupus (B.1500 BC) was a Roman Catholic priest. in the 1st century BC. The end of the 1st century BC. Mid-1st century BC) was a famous Roman historian. Alexander of Macedon created a 10-book history of Alexander of Macedon about his military campaigns to Iran, Central Asia and other countries. Curtius Rufus made extensive use of the memoirs and books of Ptolemy Lagus and Alexander's fellow scribes Onesicritus and Callisphenes in writing his work. The author widely covered the struggle of the peoples of Central Asia against the invaders, in particular, the Spitaman chief uprising. However, in relation to Arrian, artistic textures are common in his stories. Book VII, Chapter IV, 26: "the nature of Bactria is rich and diverse. In some areas, more than of Groves and Vine, sweet fruit produce a fertile soil; fertile land is irrigated by abundant spring-streams; wheat is planted on fertile soil; other land is left for grassland". ook VII, Chapter IV, 26: "the nature of Bactria is rich and diverse. In some areas, more than of Groves and Vine, sweet fruit produce a fertile soil; fertile land is irrigated by abundant spring-streams; wheat is planted on fertile soil; other land is left for grassland". "A large part of the state is occupied by unproductive steppes; there are neither

people nor fruits on the land abandoned by the lack of water. Winds blowing from Pont (Black Sea) push sands into the plains; from a remote distance the sand Heaps will look like large hills; it is here that the traces of the winding roads disappear". "Therefore, those who pass through these plains, like sailors, will find their way through the stars of the night". "Alexander handed over the Bactrian region to the Office of Artabozes, leaving behind horse-drawn cargoes with the army of guards at the site. He leads the troops in action and heads for the Sughdiyona desert." "Alexander handed over the Bactrian region to the Office of Artabozes, leaving behind horse-drawn cargoes with the army of guards at the site. He leads the troops in action and heads for the Sughdiyona desert...". "In the afternoon, he arrives at the Ox River. But more and more fighters following in his footsteps cannot reach him and stay behind, so that he orders a fire on a high mountain, for those who are left behind, the light of flames means that they will come closer to the camp". "This night Alexander ended sleepless with great mental excitement. The next day was not easy; there were no ships, and there were no Groves to build a bridge on the open banks of the river. From this situation, he concluded the only releases. He decides to distribute so mon-filled meshes to the soldiers; they begin to float across the river over the meshes: the first to cross the river will serve the guards and meet the others.he next day was not easy; there were no ships, and there were no Groves.

"Alexander arrives at Maraqanda. Its defensive walls are 70 stadia long; the city is surrounded by a secondAlexander arrives at Maraqanda. Its defensive walls are 70 stadia long; the city is surrounded by a second wall." "Sensing that the city founded by the Macedonians on the banks of the river by the king of the Scythian state behind Tanais would be a slave necklace, he sends a guide named his brother Karatazis with a large cavalry force to ravage it and drive the Macedonians out of the riverbank for a long distance. Tanais separates the Bactrians from the European Scythian AR". "They will occupy another province across the Istr River and will also be adjacent to Bactria, located on the border lands of Asia. Beyond the northern lands where they are located, thick woodlands and uninhabited silent sayhan lands begin; the lands along Tanais and Bactria, have common cultural traces".They will occupy another province across the Istr River and will also be adjacent to Bactria, located on the border lands of Asia. Beyond the northern lands "They will occupy another province across the Istr River and will also be adjacent to Bactria, located on the border lands of Asia. Beyond the northern lands where they are located, thick woodlands and uninhabited silent sayhan lands begin; the lands along Tanais and Bactria, have common cultural traces". "Alexander manages to fight first without preparation, in his sight enemy riders race on horseback, while he has not completely recovered from his injuries... So he calls his friends for advice". "He was not afraid of the enemy, but of an uncomfortable situation. The Bactrians revolted, the Scythians were disturbed; he himself stood on his feet to the rapist, as well as to ride the horse, leading the soldiers it was also not possible to inspire.S he calls his friends for advice". "He was not afraid of the enemy, but of an uncomfortable situation. The Bactrians revolted, the Scythians were disturbed; he himself stood on his feet to the rapist, as well as to ride the horse, leading the soldiers it was also not possible to inspire...". "The incoming messages were not in keeping with the glory of his incessant victories". "According to the above story, he sends a Menedem against Spitaman, who is guilty of the Bactrian uprising. He heard of the imminent arrival of the Macedonians and, in order to prevent them from being trapped around the city, withdrew to panagoh, determined to attack the enemy who could pass through it". "The road crosses a suitable site for ambushes, where it makes the dachas glow.According to the above story, he sends a Menedem against Spitaman, who is guilty of the Bactrian uprising. He heard of the imminent arrival of the Macedonians and, in order to prevent them from being trapped around the city, withdrew to panagoh, determined to attack the enemy who could pass through it". "The road crosses a suitable site for ambushes, where it makes the

dachas glow. Each horse is ridden by two armed riders who, unexpectedly, fall to the ground in turn and ambush enemies in cavalry warfare". "The agility of the Warriors sounds like the agility of horses. Spitaman ordered the encirclement of the jungle; attacking the enemy suddenly from behind, roopara and flanks". "Menedem is surrounded on all sides, who, having been ambushed in an unfamiliar place and seeing that there is no other possibility, calls upon his Warriors to crush numerically superior enemies and perish proudly". The agility of the Warriors sounds like the agility of horses. Spitaman ordered the encirclement of the jungle; attacking the enemy suddenly from behind, roopara and flanks". "Menedem is surrounded on all sides, who, having been ambushed in an unfamiliar place and seeing that there is no other possibility, calls upon his Warriors to crush numerically superior enemies and perish proudly". 35. "He had a powerful horse under him; in many cases he would charge into the ranks of the barbarians and inflict terrible damage on them. "The enemies shoot him with many arrows. He is weakened by countless wounds. The enemies shoot him with many arrows. He is weakened by countless wounds.".. he loses his soul and falls to the ground over his horse". "2,000 infantrymen and 300 horsemen would be killed in this battle. Intimidating soldiers from the battlefield wit.

References:

1. Axmedov B.A. O‘zbekiston tarixi manbalari. – T.: O‘qituvchi, 2001.
2. Rtveldze E.V., Saidov A.X., Abdullayev Ye.V. Qadimgi O‘zbekiston sivilizatsiyasi: davlatchilik va huquq tarixidan lavhalar. – T.: Adolat, 2001.
3. Ртвеладзе Е. Историческое прошлое Узбекистана. – Т.: San‘at, 2009.
4. Sagdullayev A. Qadimgi O‘zbekiston ilk yozma manbalarda. – T.: O‘zbekiston, 1996.
5. Sagdullayev A.S. Qadimgi O‘rta Osiyo tarixi. – T.: Universitet, 2004.
6. Muyiddinov, B. (2023). XII-XIII ASRLAR DAVRIDA BUXORODA ILM – FANNING RIVOJLANISHI. SCHOLAR, 1(28), 341-345. <https://doi.org/10.5281/zenodo.10027071>
7. Muyiddinov Bekali. (2023). MO‘G‘ULLAR BOSQINI DAVRIDA BUXORONING AYANCHLI TAQDIRI. TADQIQOTLAR.UZ, 25(2), 212–215. Retrieved from <http://tadqiqotlar.uz/index.php/new/article/view/308>
8. Muyiddinov Bekali. (2023). THE ROLE OF BUKHARA AND OTHER CITIES IN THE MILITARY ART AND ARMY STRUCTURE OF KHOREZMSHAHS . ОБРАЗОВАНИЕ НАУКА И ИННОВАЦИОННЫЕ ИДЕИ В МИРЕ, 35(3), 55–58. Retrieved from <https://www.newjournal.org/index.php/01/article/view/10035>
9. Muyiddinov, B. (2024). BARTHOLD'S "СОЧИНЕНИЯ. ТОМ I. ТУРКЕСТАН В ЭПОХУ МОНГОЛЬСКОГО НАШЕСТВИЯ" THE HISTORY OF THE CREATION OF THE WORK. MODERN SCIENCE AND RESEARCH, 3(1), 699–702. <https://doi.org/10.5281/zenodo.10552555>